

## Notice of Final Order of Appraisal Review Board

Property Tax
Form 50-222

County of Appraisal Review Board	Address		City, State, ZIP Code	
Name of Property Owner	Address		City, State, ZIP Code	
Case Number		Property Account Number	per	
Property Legal Description				

A PROPERTY OWNER HAS A RIGHT TO APPEAL IN DISTRICT COURT AN APPRAISAL REVIEW BOARD ORDER DETERMINING A PROTEST AS PROVIDED BY TEXAS TAX CODE CHAPTER 42. TO APPEAL SUCH AN ORDER TO DISTRICT COURT, A PARTY MUST FILE A PETITION FOR REVIEW WITH THE DISTRICT COURT WITHIN 60 DAYS AFTER THE PARTY RECEIVES NOTICE THAT A FINAL ORDER HAS BEEN ENTERED FROM WHICH AN APPEAL MAY BE HAD OR AT ANY TIME AFTER THE **HEARING BUT BEFORE THE 60-DAY DEADLINE. A PROPERTY** OWNER ALSO HAS A RIGHT TO APPEAL IN DISTRICT COURT A DETERMINATION OF AN APPRAISAL REVIEW BOARD ON A MOTION FILED UNDER TEXAS TAX CODE SECTION 25.25. THE LAW PROVIDES THAT TO FILE SUIT TO COMPEL AN APPRAISAL REVIEW BOARD TO ORDER A CHANGE IN THE APPRAISAL ROLL UNDER SECTION 25.25, A PARTY MUST FILE SUIT WITHIN 60 DAYS AFTER THE PARTY RECEIVES NOTICE OF THE APPRAISAL REVIEW BOARD'S DETERMINATION OF A **MOTION UNDER SECTION 25.25 OR A DETERMINATION THAT** THE PROPERTY OWNER HAS FAILED TO COMPLY WITH THE PRE-PAYMENT REQUIREMENTS. FAILURE TO TIMELY FILE A PETITION BARS AN APPEAL TO DISTRICT COURT.

A PARTY OTHER THAN A PROPERTY OWNER, IN ORDER TO EXERCISE THE PARTY'S RIGHT TO APPEAL AN ORDER OF AN APPRAISAL REVIEW BOARD, MUST FILE A WRITTEN NOTICE OF APPEAL WITHIN 15 DAYS AFTER THE DATE THE PARTY RECEIVES THIS NOTICE OR, IN THE CASE OF A TAXING UNIT, WITHIN 15 DAYS AFTER THE DATE THE TAXING UNIT RECEIVES NOTICE PURSUANT TO TEXAS TAX CODE SECTION 41.07.

For more information regarding appeal to district court, you should consult Texas Tax Code Chapter 42 and the clerk of the court. If you need legal advice, you should consult an attorney.

As an alternative to filing an appeal to district court, a property owner may appeal through binding arbitration an appraisal review board order determining a protest filed under Section 41.41(a)(1) or (2) of the Texas Tax Code concerning the appraised or market value of property if:

- the property qualifies as the owner's residence homestead under Section 11.13 of the Texas Tax Code; or
- (2) the appraised or market value, as applicable, of the property as determined by the order is \$3 million or less.

To appeal an appraisal review board order through binding arbitration, a property owner must file with the appraisal district not later than the 45th day after the date the property owner receives notice of the order:

- a completed request for binding arbitration, a copy of which is enclosed with this notice; and
- (2) an applicable arbitration deposit made payable to the comptroller in the amount provided under Chapter 41A of the Texas Tax Code.

For more information regarding appeal through binding arbitration, you should consult Texas Tax Code Chapter 41A and Comptroller Rule 9.804. If you need legal advice, you should consult an attorney.

As an alternative to filing an appeal to district court, certain property owners may appeal to the State Office of Administrative Hearings (SOAH) an appraisal review board order determining a protest concerning the appraised or market value of property brought under Section 41.41(a)(1) or (2) of the Texas Tax Code if the appraised or market value, as applicable, of the property that was the subject of the protest, as determined by the appraisal review board order, is more than \$1 million.

To appeal an appraisal review board order to SOAH, a property owner must file with the chief appraiser of the appraisal district not later than the 30th day after the date the property owner receives notice of the order:

- a completed notice of appeal to SOAH, a copy of which is enclosed with this notice; and
- (2) not later than the 90th day after the date the property owner receives the notice of order a deposit of \$1,500 made payable to SOAH must be filed with the appraisal district.

For more information regarding appeal to SOAH, you should consult Texas Government Code Chapter 2003 and related SOAH rules. If you need legal advice, you should consult an attorney.

It is important to note that the pendency of an appeal, whether to district court, through binding arbitration, or to SOAH, does not affect the delinquency date for the taxes on the property subject to the appeal. For more specific information, consult the applicable statutes and rules.